

# **GE8822 LED SERIES**

## **SPECIFICIFICATION**

**INTEGRATED LIGHT SOURCE INTELLIGENT CONTROL SMD LED  
(Double line transmission)**

**Document No.: SPC/ GE8822 LED**

**Model No.: GE8822**

**Description: 5.5x5.0x1.6mm Intelligent control SMD LED**



## **1. General description**

GE8822 is a two-wire transmission three channel(RGB) driving intelligent control circuit and the light emitting circuit in one of the LED light source control. Products containing a signal decoding module, data buffer, a built-in constant current circuit and RC oscillator; CMOS, low voltage, low power consumption; 256 level grayscale PWM adjustment and 32 brightness adjustment; use the double output, Data and synchronization of the CLK signal, connected in series each wafer output action synchronization.

## **2. Applications**

- Full-color module, Flexible led Strip ,Rigid led strip
- LED decorative lighting, LED Panel a variety of electronic products, electrical equipment etc

## **3. Main Feature**

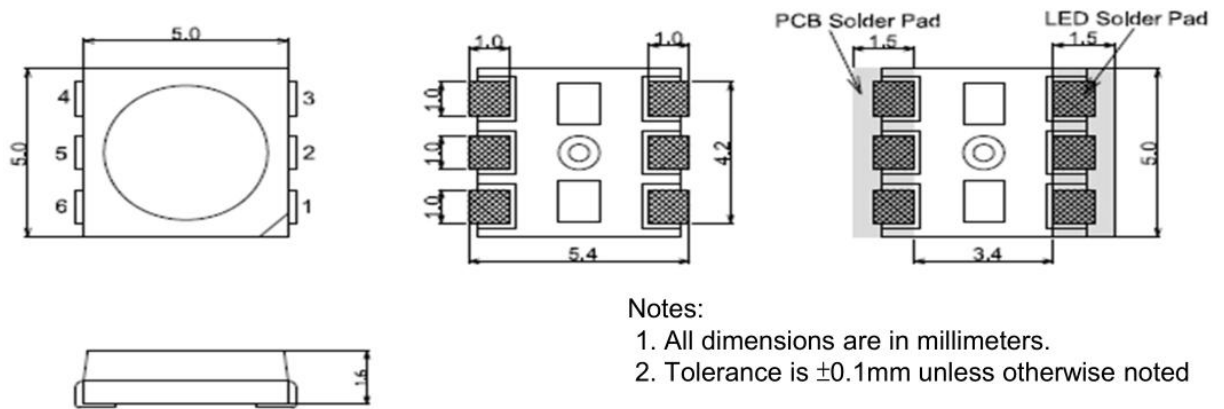
- Top SMD internal integrated high quality external control line serial cascade constant current IC, 5V application;
- Control circuit and the RGB chip integrated in SMD 5050 components, to form a complete external control pixel, make the color mix uniformity and consistency;
- The two-wire synchronous control;
- The three RGB output control, 8Bit (256) color; 5Bit (32) to adjust the brightness;
- The three constant current drive, self detection function specific signal
- The maximum frequency of 30MHZ serial data input
- The double data transmission, built-in support uninterrupted oscillation PWM output, can maintain a static image.

## **4. Product Naming**

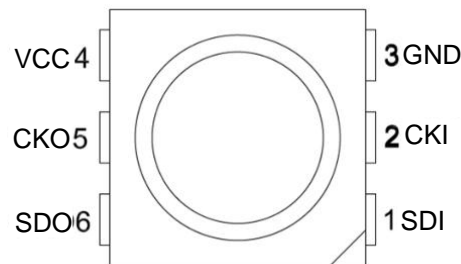
GE8822 mean white surface ,18-19ma/channel ,without capacitor intergrated in 5050 (standard version)

GE8822-B mean black surface,18-19ma/channel, without capacitor intergrated in 5050

## 5. Mechanical Dimensions:



## 6. Pin Configuration:



NO.	Symbol	Pin Name	Function Description
1	SDI	Data Input	Control signal data input
2	CKI	Clock Input	Control signal clock input
3	GND	Ground	The Gound of Power and Signal
4	VCC	Power	Power supplier PIN
5	CKO	Clock Output	Control signal clock output
6	SDO	Data Output	Control signal data output

## 7. Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25℃,VSS=0V) :

Parameter	Symbol	Range	Unit
Power supply voltage	VDD	-0.5~+5.5	V
Logic input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3~VDD+0.3	V
Working temperature	Topt	-20~+80	℃
Storage temperature	Tstg	-50~+125	℃
ESD pressure	V <sub>ESD</sub>	4K	V

## 8. RGB chip characteristic parameters

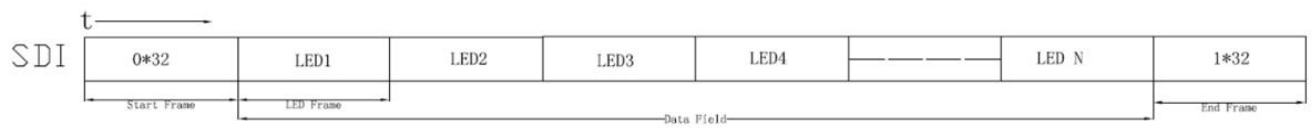
Color	GE8822 RGB LED Series		
	Wavelength	Brightness	Lumen
Red	620-623nm	800-900mcd	2.5-3lm
Green	517.5-520nm	1600-1800mcd	5.0-6.0lm
Blue	467.5-470nm	500-600mcd	1.5-2lm

## 9. The electrical parameters (unless otherwise specified, TA=-20 ~ +70 ℃ , VDD=4.5 ~ 5.5V,VSS=0V):

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Test conditions
The chip supply Voltage	VDD	---	5.0	5.3	V	---
The biggest LED output current	I <sub>omax</sub>	---	---	20	mA	---
The clock high level width	TCLKH	---	---	>30	ns	---
The clock low level width	TCLKL	---	---	>30	ns	---
Data set up time	TSETUP	---	---	>10	ns	---
The frequency of PWM	FPWM	---	1.2	---	KHZ	---
Static power consumption	IDD	---	1	---	mA	---

## 10. Feature Descriptions:

### (1) Series data structure



Start Frame 32 Bits

0000 0000	0000 0000	0000 0000	0000 0000
8 Bits	8 Bits	8 Bits	8 Bits

LED Frame 32 Bits

111	Global	BLUE	GREEN	RED
3 Bits	5 Bits	8 Bits	8 Bits	8 Bits

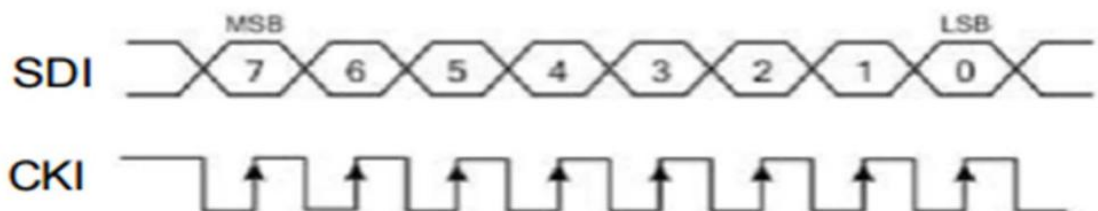
End Frame 32 Bits

1111 1111	1111 1111	1111 1111	1111 1111
8 Bits	8 Bits	8 Bits	8 Bits

(2) 256 level gray level:

Data	Duty Circle
MSB.....LSB	
0000 0000	0/256
0000 0001	1/256
0000 0010	2/256
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
1111 1101	253/256
1111 1110	254/256
1111 1111	255/256

(3) PWM input / output signal relationship:



**(4) 5-Bit (level 32) brightness adjustment (simultaneous control of OUTR\OUTG\OUTB three port current):**

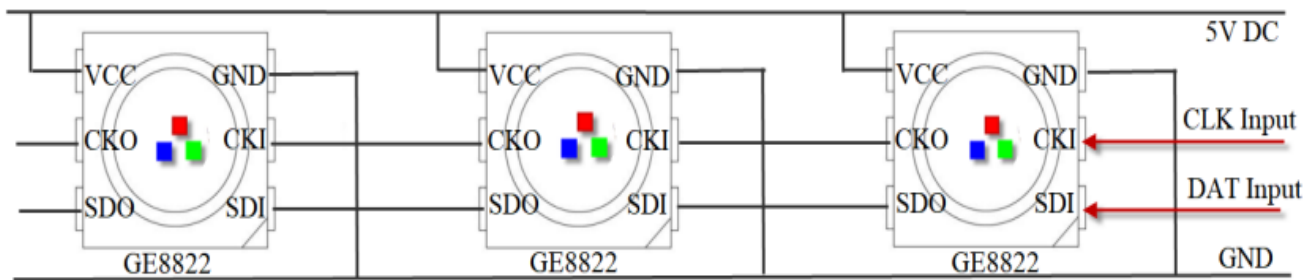
<b>Data</b>	<b>Duty Circle</b>
<b>MSB.....LSB</b>	
<b>00000</b>	<b>0/31</b>
<b>00001</b>	<b>1/31</b>
<b>00010</b>	<b>2/31</b>
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
<b>11101</b>	<b>29/31</b>
<b>11110</b>	<b>30/31</b>
<b>11111</b>	<b>31/31</b>

**(5) Refresh Rate:**

**Frame rate (=1/ (64+ (32\* points)) \*CKI (cycle) unit: frames per second )**

**Such as: 1024 points, CKI frequency is 1MHZ, is =30 frames per second frame rate.**

## 11. The typical application circuit:

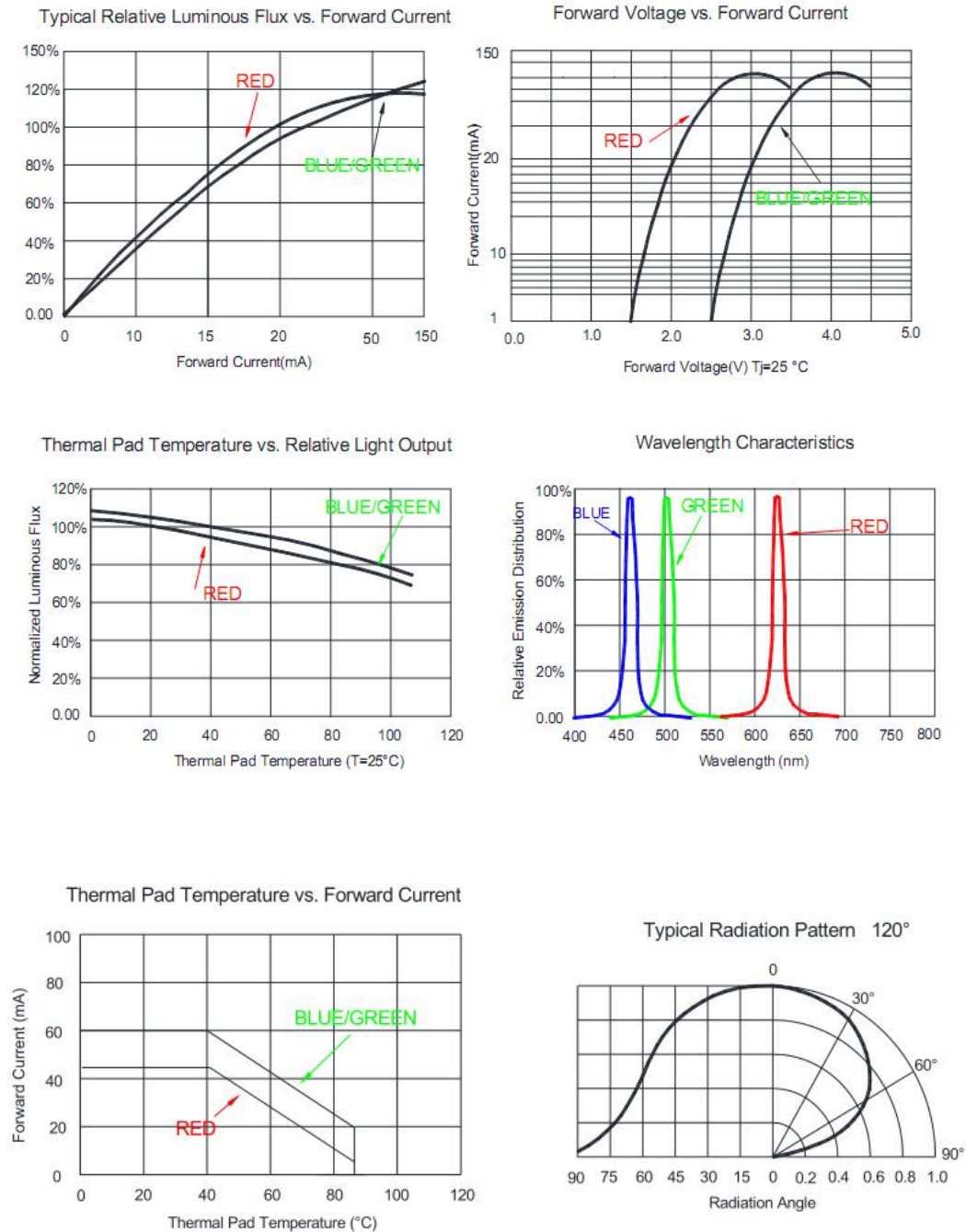


In the practical application circuit, the signal input and output pins of the IC signal input and output pins should be connected to the signal input and output terminals. In addition, in order to make the IC chip is more stable, even the capacitance between beads is essential back;

Application: used for soft lamp strip or hard light, lamp beads transmission distance is short, suggested in signal in time the clock line input and output end of each connected in series protection resistors,  $R1=R0$  of about 500 ohms.

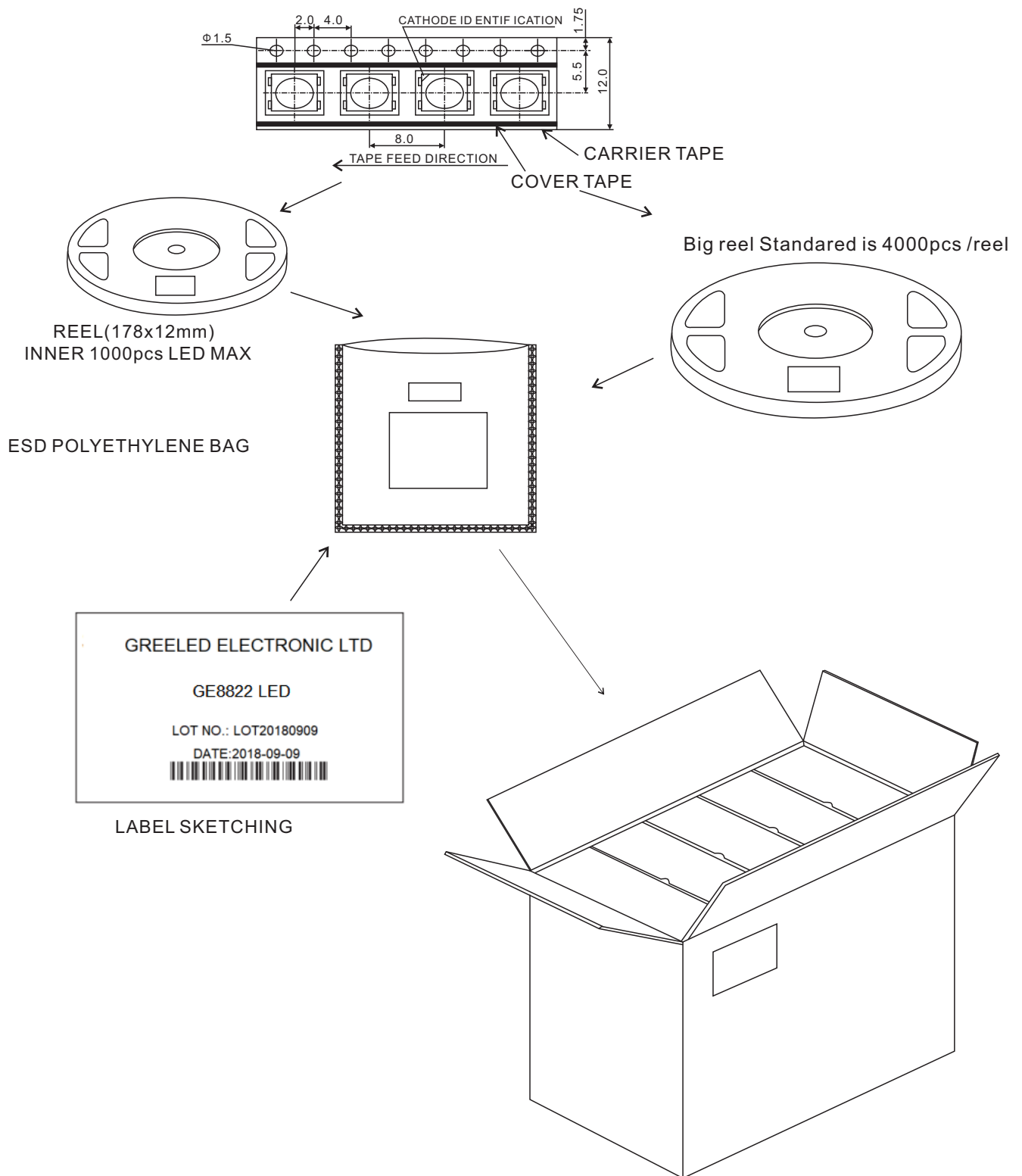
Application: for module or general special-shaped products, lamp beads transmission distance is long, because of different wire and transmission distance, in the signal in time clock at both ends of the line on grounding protection resistance will be slightly different; to the actual use of fixed;

## 12. Standard LED Performance Graph:





### 13. Packaging Standard:



The reel pack is applied in SMD LED. The LEDs are packed in cardboard boxes after packaging in normal or anti-electrostatic bags. cardboard boxes will be used to protect the LEDs from mechanical shocks during transportation. The boxes are not water resistant and therefore must be kept away from water and moisture.

## 14. Reliability test

No.	Test Project	Test Condition	Guideline	Judgment
1	Thermal shock	$100 \pm 5^{\circ} \text{C} \sim -40^{\circ} \text{C} \pm 5^{\circ} \text{C}$ 30min~30min 300cycles	MIL-STD-202G	0/22
2	High temperature storage	Ta= +100° C 1000hrs	JEITA ED-4701 200 201	0/22
3	Low temperature storage	Ta= -40° C 1000hrs	JEITA ED-4701 200 202	0/22
4	High temperature and humidity Storage	Ta=60° C RH=90% 1000hrs	JEITA ED-4701 100 103	0/22
5	Temperature cycle	-55° C~25° C~100° C~25° C 30min~5min~30min~5min 100 cycles	JEITA ED-4701 100 105	0/22
6	Resistance to soldering heat	Tsld = 260° C, 10sec. 3 times	JEITA ED-4701 300 301	0/22
7	Normal temperature lifespan test	25° C, IF: Typical current , 1000hrs	JESD22-A 108D	0/22

## Failure criterion

Term	Symbol	Test Condition	Judgment Standard	
			Min	Max
light intensity	IV	DC=5V, typical current of specification	Initial data X0.7	---
Resistance to soldering heat	---	DC=5V, typical current of specification	No dead lights or obvious damage	

## 15.1 Dust & Cleaning

The LED use silicone glue to package the 5050 Surface, silicone surface can protect optical properties and improved anti-aging properties. However, silicone is a softer material and prone to attract dust. While a minimal amount of dust and debris on the LED will not cause significant reduction in illumination. We still need to avoid dust falling on the LED surface. After open the bags it must be used immediately.

When you use trichloroethylene or acetone to clean, sometimes the LED surface will dissolve.

Avoid using organic solvent, it is recommended that isopropyl be used as a solvent for cleaning the LEDs. When using other solvents, it should be confirmed beforehand whether the solvents will dissolve the package and the resin or not.

Do not clean the LEDs by the ultrasonic. When it is absolutely necessary, the influence as ultrasonic cleaning on the LEDs depends on factors such as ultrasonic power, Baking time and assembled condition.

Before cleaning, a pre-test should be done to confirm whether any damage to the LEDs will occur.

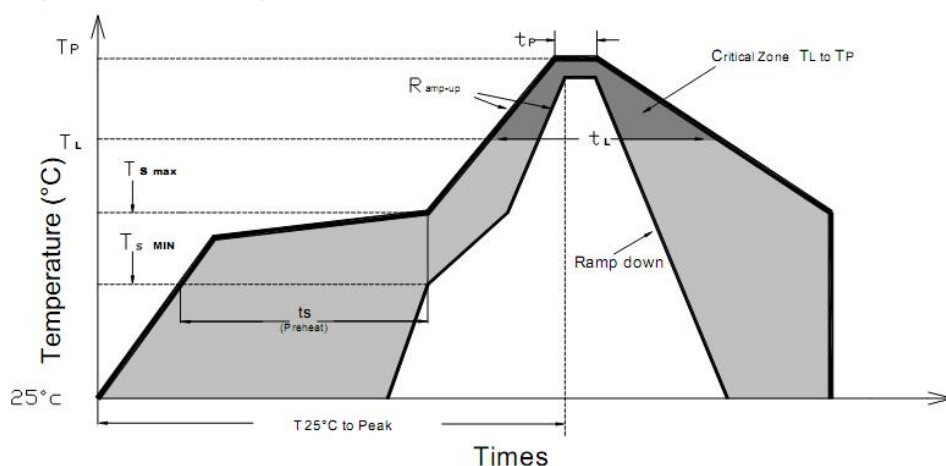
## 15.2 Dehumidification

GREELED smart led are moisture sensitive components, In IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020 MSL Level is 6. **No Matter the Package bag is open or not ,The LED must do dehumidification in the oven for 24 hours at 70 degree before use and used within 4 hours, otherwise it need to be dehumidified again**

## 15.3 Reflow Soldering Characteristics

In our Test, GREELED confirm those smart led are compatible with JEDEC J-STD-020C, Customers are required to follow the soldering temperature profile recommended by the solder paste manufacturer used.

Please note that this general guideline may not apply to all PCB design and reflow soldering equipment configurations.



Profile Feature	Lead-Based Solder	Lead-Free Solder
Average Ramp-Up Rate ( $T_s$ max to $T_p$ )	3 °C/second max.	
Preheat: Temperature Min ( $T_s$ min)	100°C	150°C
Preheat: Temperature Min ( $T_s$ max)	150°C	200°C
Preheat: Time ( $t_s$ min to $t_s$ max)	60-120 seconds	60-180 seconds
Time Maintained Above: Temperature ( $T_L$ )	183 °C	217 °C
Time Maintained Above: Time ( $t_L$ )	60-150 seconds	60-150 seconds
Peak/Classification Temperature ( $T_P$ )	215 °C	238 °C
Time Within 5°C of Actual Peak Temperature ( $t_p$ )	<10 seconds	<10 seconds
Ramp-Down Rate	6 °C/second max	6 °C/second max
Time 25 °C to Peak Temperature	<6 minutes max	<6 minutes max

Note: All temperatures refer to topside of the package, measured on the package body surface.

## 15.4 Anti-static and surge protection for IC devices

Static electricity and surges can damage the LED products of IC devices, so appropriate protective measures must be taken;

The signal input and output ports of IC devices must be connected in series with protective resistors to prevent product failure due to surge or electrostatic shock ports;

In order to protect the LED products of IC devices, whenever you encounter LEDs, wear anti-static straps, anti-static straps and anti-static gloves.

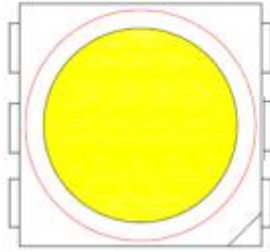
All devices and equipment must be grounded

It is recommended that each product be tested before shipment for relevant electrical tests to select defective products due to static electricity.

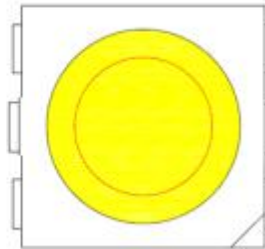
In the design of the circuit, consideration should be given to eliminating the surge to the LED

## 15.5 Other requirements

SMT nozzle requirements: (red circle refers to the inside diameter of the nozzle)



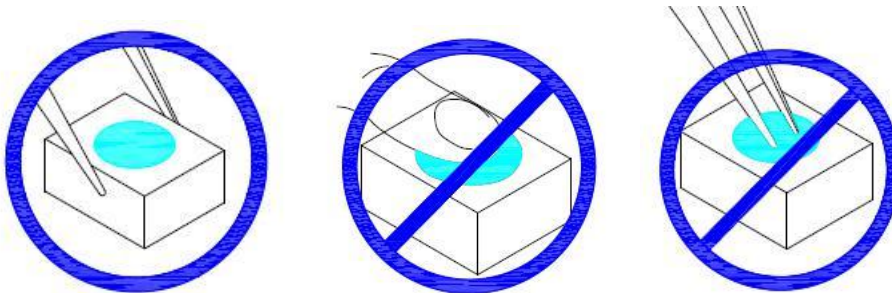
OK (the inside diameter of the nozzle is larger than  
the light-emitting area of the lamp)



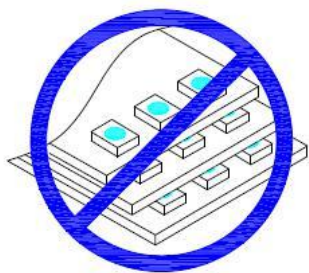
NG (the inside diameter of the nozzle is smaller than  
the lighting area of the lamp)

Pressing the colloid surface will affect the reliability of LED because the LED is advanced silicone-gel. And therefore precautions should be taken to avoid the strong pressure on the component. It's proper to make the LED be used in safe condition when using a suction nozzle. Silicon packing with soft and elastic, it greatly reduces thermal stresses and unable to bear external mechanical forces. Therefore, preventive measures should be taken in process of manually handling.

① Clip the LED from its side. Neither directly touch the gel surface with the hand or sharp instrument, it may damage its internal circuit.



② Not to be double stacked, it may damage its internal circuit.



- ③ Can not be stored in or applied in the acidic sites of  $\text{PH} < 7$ .



#### Modify Records

Item NO.	Rev. No.	Modify Content Summary	Signature	Date
GE8822RGB	01	Initial Document	Andy Zhu	2018-09-20